

Material Safety Data Sheet

RIM EASE



1. Product and company identification

Product name : RIM EASE
Supplier : Same as manufacturer.
Trade name : Tech Rim Ease
Material uses : Other non-specified industry: Tire Lubricant
Manufacturer : Tech International
200 East Coshocton Street
P.O. Box 486
Johnstown, Ohio 43031.
www.techtirerepairs.com
jsellers@techtirerepairs.com
Code : 720 / 720-5
MSDS # : 720
Validation date : 12/1/2011.
Print date : 12/1/2011.
Responsible name : Jeff Sellers
In case of emergency : Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300
Product type : Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]
Odor : Surfactant. [Slight]
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Emergency overview : DANGER!
CAUSES DIGESTIVE TRACT BURNS. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects
Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.
Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.
Potential chronic health effects
Chronic effects : May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs : May cause damage to the following organs: central nervous system (CNS).

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

2. Hazards identification

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

United States

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	2

Canada

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	2

Mexico

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>UN number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>IDLH</u>	<u>Classification</u>			
					<u>H</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>Special</u>
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	Not available.	2	-	2	1	0	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Notes to physician	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

Special exposure hazards : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
propane-1,2-diol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 5/2010). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).

Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			Notations
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	
propane-1,2-diol	ON 7/2010	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
	US AIHA 5/2010	50	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]

Form: [a]Aerosol only. [b]Vapour and aerosol.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]
- Flash point** : [Product does not sustain combustion.]
- Color** : Blue. [Light]
- Odor** : Surfactant. [Slight]
- Boiling/condensation point** : 100°C (212°F)
- Relative density** : 1

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Materials to avoid	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

United States

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	20000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	6660 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6423 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	28000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	22500 mg/kg	-
	TDL _o Intraperitoneal	Rat	19500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Canada

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	20000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	6660 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	6800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6423 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	28000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	22500 mg/kg	-
	TDL _o Intraperitoneal	Rat	19500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mexico

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	20000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	6660 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	6800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6423 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-

11. Toxicological information

LD50	Rat	28000 mg/kg	-
Subcutaneous			
LD50	Rat	22500 mg/kg	-
Subcutaneous			
TDL _o	Rat	19500 mg/kg	-
Intraperitoneal			

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Score	Score	Exposure	Observation
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

United States

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	-	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 >10000000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - 6 to 24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 34060 to 39339 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 15052 to 17561 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5122	Daphnia - Water	48 hours
	-			

12. Ecological information

	to 6011 mg/L Fresh water	flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	
-	Acute LC50 4919 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipod - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young - 5 mm	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 44 to 47 ml/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.8 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 >62000000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 55770000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 18340000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 1020000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 710000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 52930000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 13020000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 660000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24	48 hours

12. Ecological information

hours

- Chronic NOEC
600000 ug/L
Fresh water
Fish - Fathead
minnow -
Pimephales
promelas - <=7
days 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Canada

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	-	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 >10000000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - 6 to 24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 34060 to 39339 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 15052 to 17561 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5122 to 6011 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4919 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipod - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young - 5 mm	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 44 to 47 ml/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.8 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 >62000000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 55770000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours

12. Ecological information

-	Acute LC50 18340000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 1020000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 710000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 52930000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 13020000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 660000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 600000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mexico

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	-	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 >10000000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - 6 to 24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 34060 to 39339 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales	96 hours

12. Ecological information

-	Acute LC50 15052 to 17561 mg/L Fresh water	promelas - <=7 days Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 5122 to 6011 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 4919 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipod - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young - 5 mm	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 44 to 47 ml/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.8 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 >62000000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 55770000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 18340000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 1020000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 710000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 52930000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC	Daphnia - Water	48 hours

12. Ecological information

	13020000 ug/L Fresh water	flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	
-	Chronic NOEC 660000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <=24 hours	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 600000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - <=7 days	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	-	-	-		-

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

- HCS Classification** : Corrosive material
Target organ effects
- U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: propane-1,2-diol
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:
propane-1,2-diol: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

- State regulations** :
- Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting:** None of the components are listed.
 - Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey:** None of the components are listed.
 - Florida substances:** None of the components are listed.
 - Illinois Chemical Safety Act:** None of the components are listed.
 - Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act:** None of the components are listed.
 - Louisiana Reporting:** None of the components are listed.
 - Louisiana Spill:** None of the components are listed.
 - Massachusetts Spill:** None of the components are listed.
 - Massachusetts Substances:** None of the components are listed.
 - Michigan Critical Material:** None of the components are listed.
 - Minnesota Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.
 - New Jersey Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed:
PROPYLENE GLYCOL; 1,2-PROPANEDIOL
 - New Jersey Spill:** None of the components are listed.
 - New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act:** None of the components are listed.
 - New York Acutely Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.
 - New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting:** None of the components are listed.
 - Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: 1,2-PROPANEDIOL
 - Rhode Island Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.

- United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

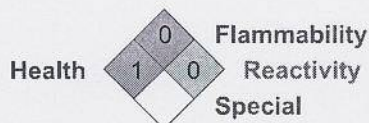
Canada

- WHMIS (Canada)** : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
- Canadian lists** :
- CEPA Toxic substances:** None of the components are listed.
 - Canadian ARET:** None of the components are listed.
 - Canadian NPRI:** None of the components are listed.
 - Alberta Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.
 - Ontario Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.
 - Quebec Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.
- Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Mexico

Classification :



15. Regulatory information

GHS Classification

- Precautionary statements** : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

EU regulations

- Risk phrases** : This product is not classified according to EU legislation.

International regulations

- International lists** :
- Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - Japan inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
 - Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.

16. Other information

- Label requirements** : CAUSES DIGESTIVE TRACT BURNS. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

- National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



- Date of printing** : 12/1/2011.
- Date of issue** : 12/1/2011.
- Version** : 0.01

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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